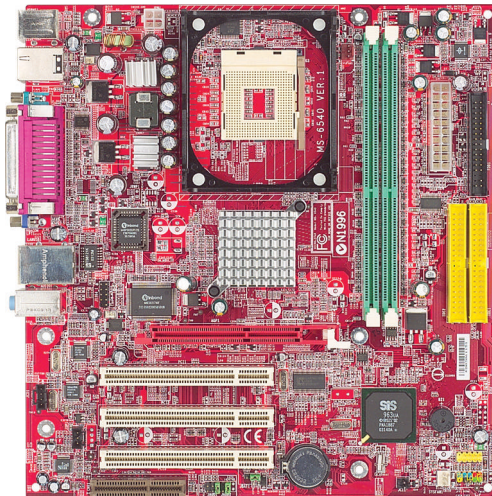




661FM Series

MS-6540G (v2.X) Micro ATX Mainboard



G52-M6540G3

Manual Rev: 2.2

Release Date: March 2004



FCC-B Radio Frequency Interference Statement

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference, in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

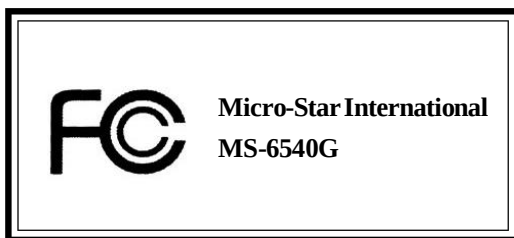
Notice 1

The changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

Notice 2

Shielded interface cables and A.C. power cord, if any, must be used in order to comply with the emission limits.

VOIR LANOTICED'INSTALLATION AVANT DERACCORDER A URE SEAU.



Copyright Notice

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Revision History

Revision	Revision History	Date
V2.0	First release for PCB 2.x with chipsets SiS661FX & SiS963/963L	September 2003
V2.1	Special Edition for White Brand	October 2003
V2.2	Modify CPU spec. and BIOS	March 2004

Safety Instructions

1. Always read the safety instructions carefully.
2. Keep this User's Manual for future reference.
3. Keep this equipment away from humidity.
4. Lay this equipment on a reliable flat surface before setting it up.
5. The openings on the enclosure are for air convection hence protects the equipment from overheating. **Do not cover the openings.**
6. Make sure the voltage of the power source and adjust properly 110/220V before connecting the equipment to the power inlet.
7. Place the power cord such a way that people can not step on it. Do not place anything over the power cord.
8. Always Unplug the Power Cord before inserting any add-on card or module.
9. All cautions and warnings on the equipment should be noted.
10. Never pour any liquid into the opening that could damage or cause electrical shock.
11. If any of the following situations arises, get the equipment checked by a service personnel:
 - The power cord or plug is damaged.
 - Liquid has penetrated into the equipment.
 - The equipment has been exposed to moisture.
 - The equipment has not work well or you can not get it work according to User's Manual.
 - The equipment has dropped and damaged.
 - The equipment has obvious sign of breakage.
12. **Do not leave this equipment in an environment unconditioned, storage temperature above 60°C (140°F), it may damage the equipment.**



CAUTION: Danger of explosion if battery is incorrectly replaced. Replace only with the same or equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer.

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Getting Started

Thank you for purchasing 661FM Series (MS-6540G v2.X) Micro ATX mainboard. The 661FM series is based on **SiS® 661FX & SiS® 963/963L** chipsets and provides 6 USB 2.0 ports for high-speed data transmission. With all these special designs, the 661FM series delivers a high performance and professional desktop platform solution.

Mainboard Specifications

CPU

- Socket 478 for P4 Celeron/Northwood CPU with FSB400/533/800MHz up to 3.4GHz.
- Socket 478 for P4 Prescott CPU with FSB533/800MHz .

(For the latest information about CPU, please visit http://www.msi.com.tw/program/products/mainboard/mbd/pro_mbd_cpu_support.php)

Chipset

- SiS® 661FX
 - Supports Intel Pentium 4 processors with data transfer rate up to 800MHz
 - Supports Hyper-Threading technology
 - Supports 64-bit high performance DDR400/DDR333/DDR266 memory controller
 - Supports high performance & high quality 3D Graphic Accelerator
 - Supports AGP 8x/4x interface
 - Supports bi-directional 16-bit data bus with 1GHz bandwidth MuTIOL
- SiS® 963/963L (Optional)
 - Supports high throughput SiS® MuTIOL 1GHz interconnecting to SiS® 963/963L media I/O
 - Supports Dual IDE ATA 66/100/133
 - Integrated audio controller with AC97 interface
 - Low pin count interface for SIO
 - Advanced power management and PC2001 compliance
 - High speed USB 2.0 controller, 480Mb/s
 - Integrated IEEE 1394 host controller (963 only)

MainMemory

- Supports two memory banks using two 184-pin unbuffered DDR DIMMs.
- Supports up to 2GB memory size without ECC.
- Supports DDR266/333/400.

(For the updated supporting memory modules, please visit http://www.msi.com.tw/program/products/mainboard/mbd/pro_mbd_trp_list.php)

Slots

- One 8x/4x AGP (Accelerated Graphics Port) universal slot.
- Three PCI 2.2 32-bit Master PCI Bus slots.

- One CNR slot.

On-Board IDE

- Dual IDE controllers integrated in SiS® 963/963L.
- Support Bus Master, Ultra DMA 66/100/133 operation modes.
- Can connect up to four IDE devices.

On-Board Peripherals

- On-Board Peripherals include:
 - 1 floppy port supports 2 HDDs with 360K, 720K, 1.2M, 1.44M and 2.88 Mbytes.
 - 1 serial port (COMA) and 1 VGA port
 - 1 PS2 keyboard + PS2 mouse connectors
 - 1 parallel port supports SPP/EPP/ECP mode
 - 6 high speed USB 2.0/1.1 ports (Rear * 4 / Front * 2)
 - 1 audio (Line-In/Line-Out/Mic-In) port
 - 1 SPDIF-Out pinheader
 - 1 RJ-45 LAN connector (Optional)
 - 2 IEEE 1394 ports (Rear * 1 / Front * 1 with pinheader) (Optional)

Audio

- AC97 link controller integrated in SiS® 963/963L.
- 6 channels S/W audio codec Realtek ALC655 codec
 - Compliance with AC97 2.2 Spec
 - Meets PC2001 audio performance requirement
 - Can support SPDIF out via a 3-pin SPDIF-Out pinheader.

LAN(Optional)

- Fast Ethernet integrated in SiS® 963/963L.
- Realtek 8201B LAN PHY.
- IEEE 802.3 and 802.3x Standard Compatible
- Supports ACPI v1.0b and PCI power management v1.1 Standard

BIOS

- 2MB Award BIOS with PNP BIOS, ACPI, SMBIOS 2.3, Green and Boot Block.
- Provides DMI 2.0, WFM 2.0, WOL, WOR, chassis intrusion, and SMBus for system management.

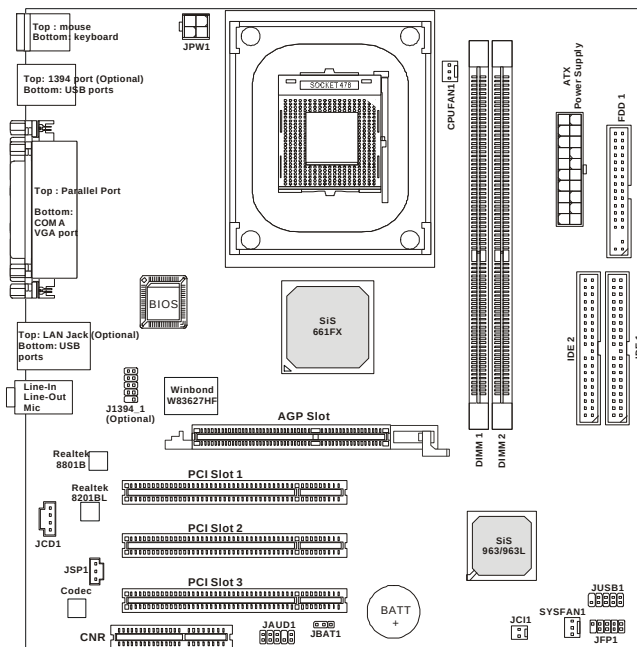
Dimension

- Micro-ATX Form Factor: 24.5 cm (L) x 23.5 cm (W).

Mounting

- 6 mounting holes.

Mainboard Layout



661FM Series (MS-6540G) v2.X Micro ATX Mainboard

MSI Special Features

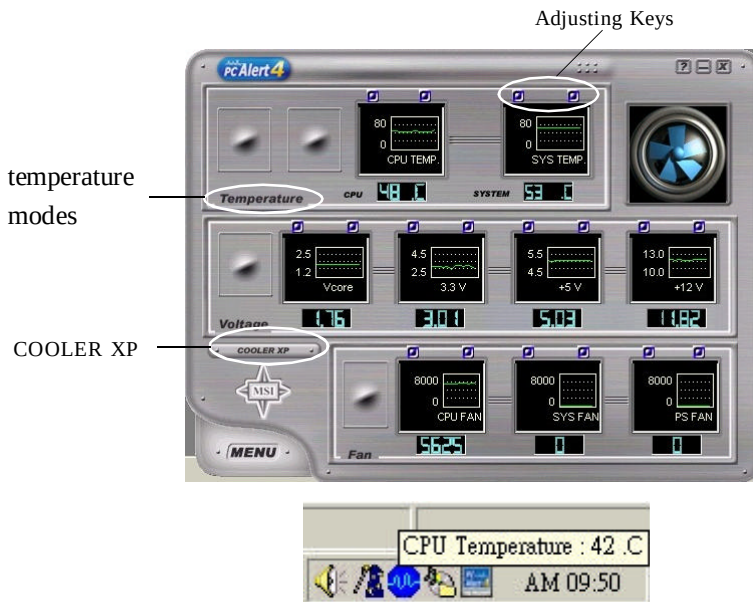
PC Alert™ 4

The PC Alert™ 4 is a utility you can find in the CD-ROM disk. The utility is just like your PC doctor that can detect the following PC hardware status during real time operation:

- ◆ monitor CPU & system temperatures
- ◆ monitor fan speeds
- ◆ monitor system voltages



If one of the items above is abnormal, the program main screen will be immediately shown on the screen, with the abnormal item highlighted in red. This will continue to be shown until the condition returns to the normal status.



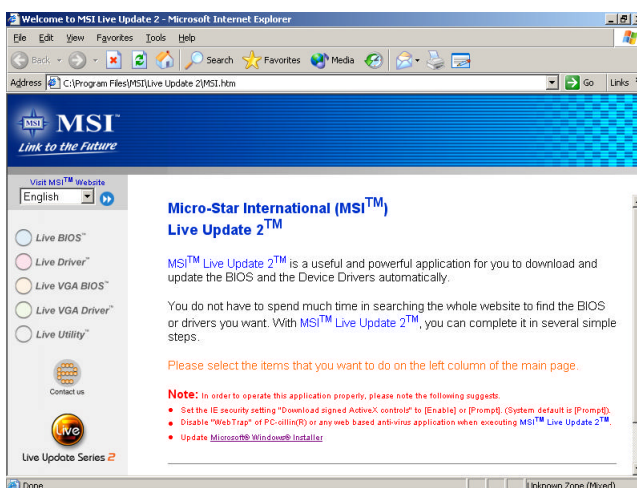
Users can use the Adjusting Keys to change the minimum and maximum threshold of each item for the system to send out a warning message. Click *Temperature* to select the temperature modes of either Fahrenheit (°F) or Celsius (°C). The PC Alert4 icon on the Status Area will show the current CPU temperature.

Live BIOS™/Live Driver™

The Live BIOS™/Live Driver™ is a tool used to detect and update your BIOS/drivers online so that you don't need to search for the correct BIOS/driver version throughout the Web site. To use the function, you need to install the “MSI Live Update 2” application. After the installation, the “MSI Live Update 2” icon (as shown on the right) will appear on the screen.



Double click the “MSI Live Update 2” icon, and the following screen will appear:



Five buttons are placed on the leftmost pane of the screen. Click the desired button to start the update process.

- **Live BIOS** – Updates the BIOS online.
- **Live Driver** – Updates the drivers online.
- **Live VGA BIOS** – Updates the VGA BIOS online.
- **Live VGA Driver** – Updates the VGA driver online.
- **Live Utility** – Updates the utilities online.

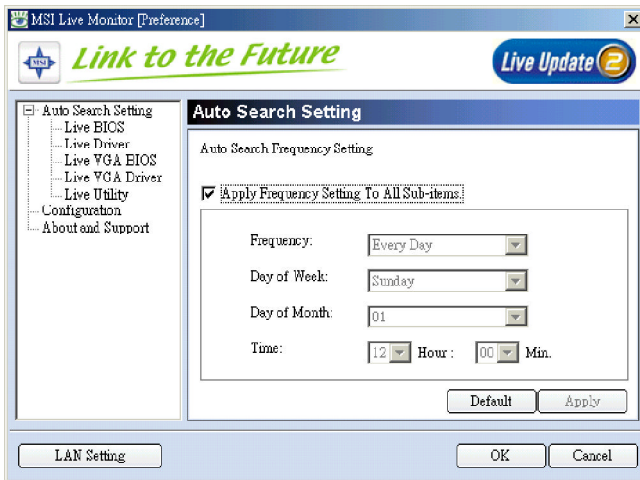
If the product you purchased does not support any of the functions listed above, a “sorry” message is displayed. For more information on the update instructions, insert the companion CD and refer to the “Live Update Guide” under the “Manual” Tab.

Live Monitor™

The Live Monitor™ is a tool used to schedule the search for the latest BIOS/drivers version on the MSI Web site. To use the function, you need to install the “MSI Live Update 2” application. After the installation, the “MSI Live Monitor” icon (as shown on the right) will appear on the screen. Double click this icon to run the application.



Double click the “MSI Live Monitor” icon  at the lower-right corner of the taskbar, and the following dialog box will appear. You can specify how often the system will automatically search for the BIOS/drivers version, or change the LAN settings right from the dialog box.



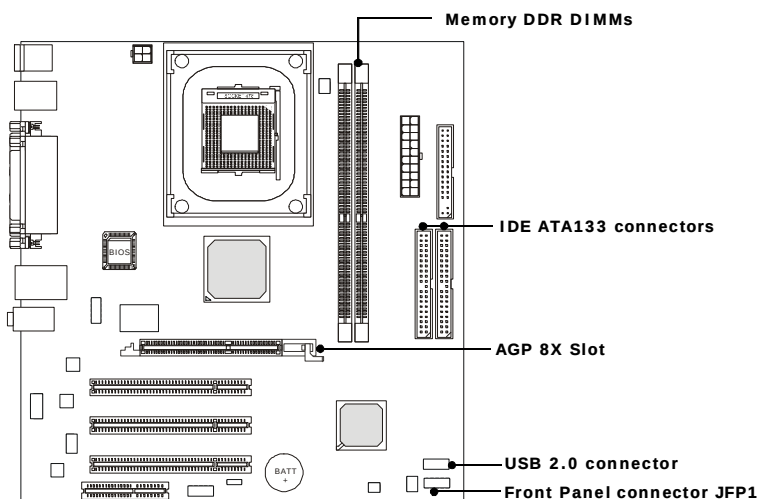
You can right-click the MSI Live Monitor icon  to perform the functions listed below:

- ✦ **Auto Search** – Searches for the BIOS/drivers version you need immediately.
- ✦ **View Last Result** – Allows you to view the last search result if there is any.
- ✦ **Preference** – Configures the Search function, including the Search schedule.
- ✦ **FAQ** – Provides a link to a database which contains various possible questions about MSI's products for users to inquire.
- ✦ **Exit** – Exits the Live Monitor™ application.

Color Management

MSI has a unified color management rule for some connectors on the mainboards, which helps you to install the memory modules, expansion cards and other peripheral devices more easily and conveniently.

- Memory DDR DIMMs: light green
- IDE ATA133 connector: yellow
- AGP 8X slot: red
- USB 2.0 connector: yellow
- Front panel connector JFP1 : HDD LED in red, Reset Switch in blue, Power Switch in black, Power LED in light green.



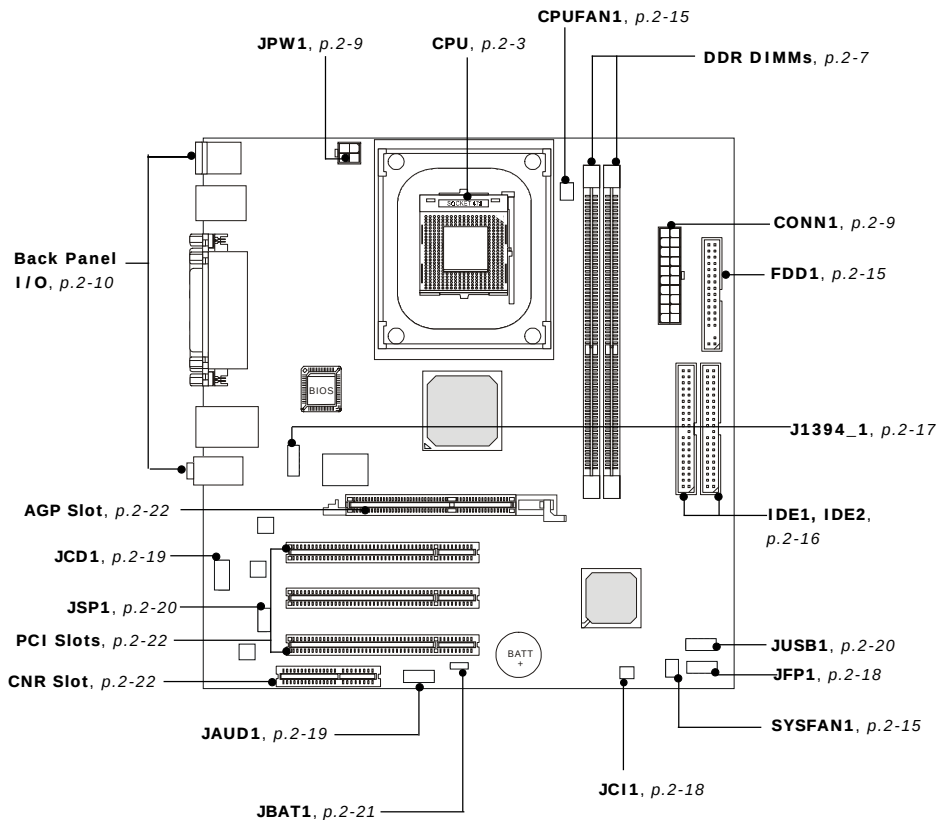
2

Hardware Setup

This chapter tells you how to install the CPU, memory modules, and expansion cards, as well as how to setup the jumpers on the mainboard. It also provides the instructions on connecting the peripheral devices, such as the mouse, keyboard, etc.

While doing the installation, be careful in holding the components and follow the installation procedures.

Quick Components Guide



Central Processing Unit: CPU

The mainboard supports Intel® Pentium® 4 Prescott & Northwood processor in the 478 pin package. The mainboard uses a CPU socket called PGA478 for easy CPU installation. When you are installing the CPU, **make sure the CPU has a heat sink and a cooling fan attached on the top to prevent overheating.** If you do not find the heat sink and cooling fan, contact your dealer to purchase and install them before turning on the computer. (For the latest information about CPU, please visit http://www.msi.com.tw/program/products/mainboard/mbd/pro_mbd_cpu_support.php)

CPU Core Speed Derivation Procedure

If	CPU Clock	=	100MHz
	Core/Bus ratio	=	17
then	CPU core speed	=	Host Clock x Core/Bus ratio
		=	100MHz x 17
		=	1.7GHz

Memory Speed/CPU FSB Support Matrix

FSB \ Memory	DDR266	DDR333	DDR400
400 MHz	OK	OK	OK
533 MHz	OK	OK	OK
800 MHz	OK	OK	OK



MSI Reminds You...

Overheating

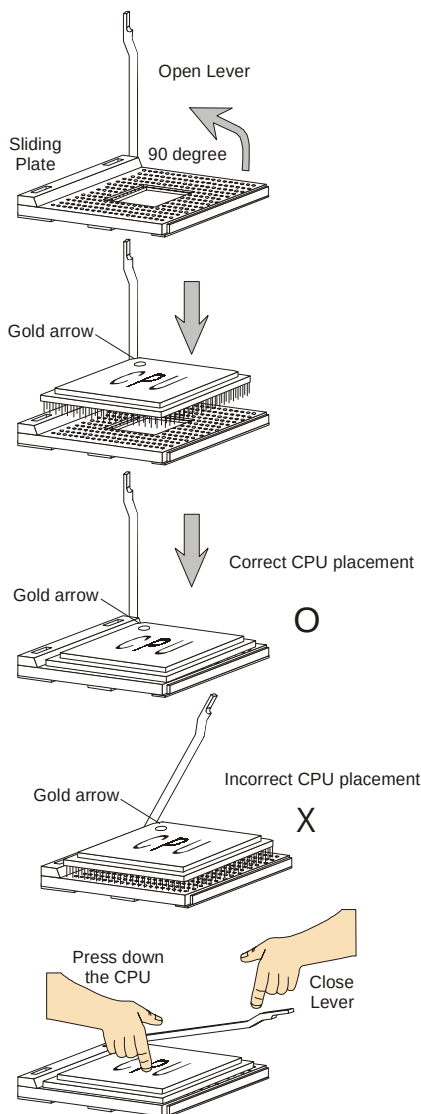
Overheating will seriously damage the CPU and system. Always make sure the cooling fan can work properly to protect the CPU from overheating.

Replacing the CPU

While replacing the CPU, always turn off the ATX power supply or unplug the power supply's power cord from grounded outlet first to ensure the safety of CPU.

CPU Installation Procedures for Socket 478

1. Please turn off the power and unplug the power cord before installing the CPU.
2. Pull the lever sideways away from the socket. Make sure to raise the lever up to a 90-degree angle.
3. Look for the gold arrow. The gold arrow should point towards the lever pivot. The CPU can only fit in the correct orientation.
4. If the CPU is correctly installed, the pins should be completely embedded into the socket and can not be seen. Please note that any violation of the correct installation procedures may cause permanent damages to your mainboard.
5. Press the CPU down firmly into the socket and close the lever. As the CPU is likely to move while the lever is being closed, always close the lever with your fingers pressing tightly on top of the CPU to make sure the CPU is properly and completely embedded into the socket.

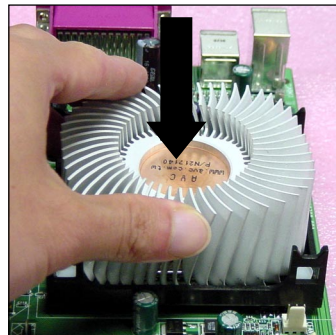
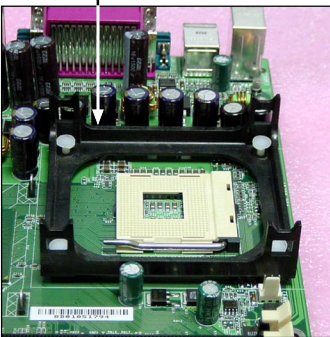


Installing the CPU Fan

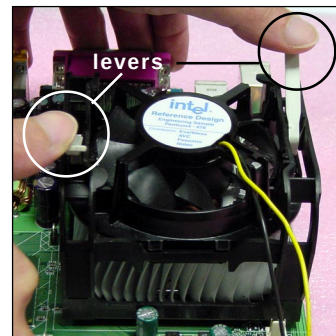
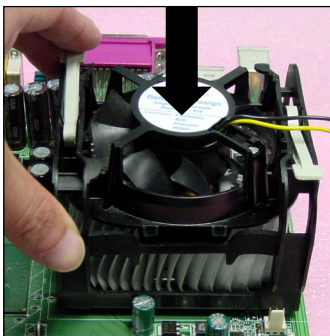
As processor technology pushes to faster speeds and higher performance, thermal management becomes increasingly important. To dissipate heat, you need to attach the CPU cooling fan and heatsink on top of the CPU. Follow the instructions below to install the Heatsink/Fan:

1. Locate the CPU and its retention mechanism on the motherboard.
2. Position the heatsink onto the retention mechanism.

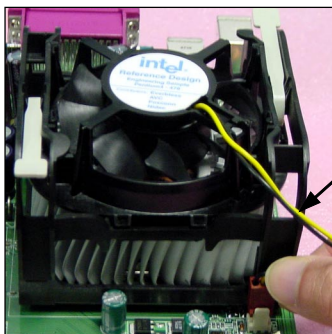
retention mechanism



3. Mount the fan on top of the heatsink. Press down the fan until its four clips get wedged in the holes of the retention mechanism.
4. Press the two levers down to fasten the fan. Each lever can be pressed down in only ONE direction.



5. Connect the fan power cable from the mounted fan to the 3-pin fan power connector on the board.



fan power cable



NOTES

Memory

The mainboard provides two 184-pin unbuffered DDR266/DDR333/DDR400 DDR SDRAM, and supports the memory size up to 2GB without ECC. To operate properly, at least one DIMM module must be installed.

(For the updated supporting memory modules, please visit http://www.msi.com.tw/program/products/mainboard/mbd/pro_mbd_trp_list.php)



**DDR DIMM Slots
(DDR 1~2)**

Introduction to DDR SDRAM

DDR (Double Data Rate) SDRAM is similar to conventional SDRAM, but doubles the rate by transferring data twice per cycle. It uses 2.5 volts as opposed to 3.3 volts used in SDR SDRAM, and requires 184-pin DIMM modules rather than 168-pin DIMM modules used by SDR SDRAM.



MSI Reminds You...

For Micron MT46V32M8TG-5B DDR400 memory module, please be sure to install 2 dimms to avoid the incompatibility issue.

DDR Module Combination

Install at least one DIMM module on the slots. Memory modules can be installed on the slots in any order. You can install either single- or double-sided modules to meet your own needs.

Memory modules can be installed in any combination as follows:

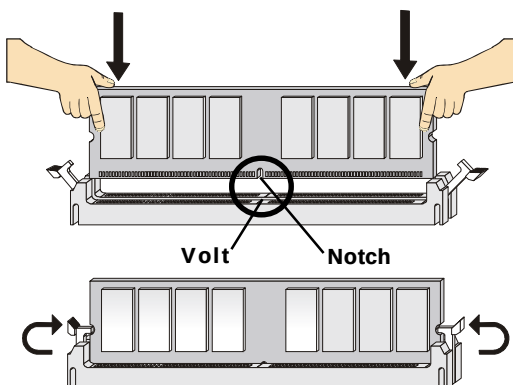
Slot	Memory Module	Total Memory
DDR 1 (Bank 0 & 1)	S/D	64MB~1GB
DDR 2 (Bank 2 & 3)	S/D	64MB~1GB
Maximum System Memory Supported		64MB~2GB

S: Single Side

D: Double Side

Installing DDR Modules

1. The DDR DIMM has only one notch on the center of module. The module will only fit in the right orientation.
2. Insert the DIMM memory module vertically into the DIMM slot. Then push it in until the golden finger on the memory module is deeply inserted in the socket.
3. The plastic clip at each side of the DIMM slot will automatically close.



MSI Reminds You...

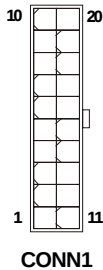
You can barely see the golden finger if the module is properly inserted in the socket.

Power Supply

The mainboard supports ATX power supply for the power system. Before inserting the power supply connector, always make sure that all components are installed properly to ensure that no damage will be caused.

ATX 20-Pin Power Connector: CONN1

This connector allows you to connect to an ATX power supply. To connect to the ATX power supply, make sure the plug of the power supply is inserted in the proper orientation and the pins are aligned. Then push down the power supply firmly into the connector.

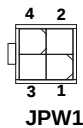


CONN1 Pin Definition

PIN	SIGNAL	PIN	SIGNAL
1	3.3V	11	3.3V
2	3.3V	12	-12V
3	GND	13	GND
4	5V	14	PS_ON
5	GND	15	GND
6	5V	16	GND
7	GND	17	GND
8	PW_OK	18	-5V
9	5V_SB	19	5V
10	12V	20	5V

ATX 12V Power Connector: JPW1

This 12V power connector is used to provide power to the CPU.



JPW1 Pin Definition

PIN	SIGNAL
1	GND
2	GND
3	12V
4	12V

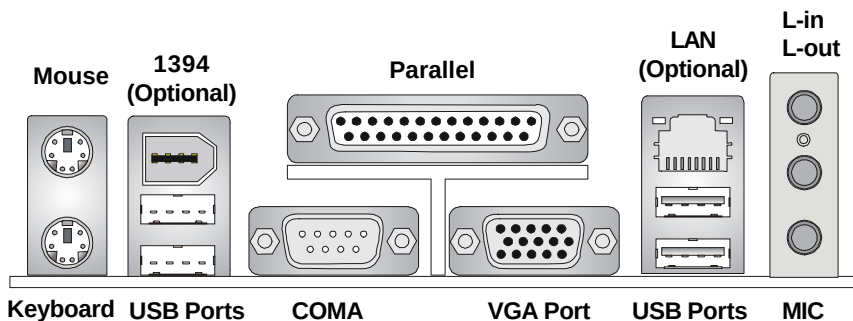


MSI Reminds You...

Power supply of 300 (and up) watt is highly recommended for system stability.

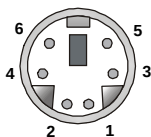
Back Panel

The back panel provides the following connectors:



Mouse Connector

The mainboard provides a standard PS/2[®] mouse mini DIN connector for attaching a PS/2[®] mouse. You can plug a PS/2[®] mouse directly into this connector. The connector location and pin assignments are as follows:



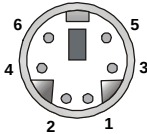
PS/2 Mouse (6-pin Female)

Pin Definition

PIN	SIGNAL	DESCRIPTION
1	Mouse DATA	Mouse DATA
2	NC	No connection
3	GND	Ground
4	VCC	+5V
5	Mouse Clock	Mouse clock
6	NC	No connection

Keyboard Connector

The mainboard provides a standard PS/2® keyboard mini DIN connector for attaching a PS/2® keyboard. You can plug a PS/2® keyboard directly into this connector.



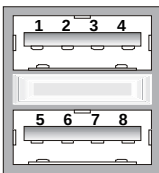
PS/2 Keyboard (6-pin Female)

Pin Definition

PIN	SIGNAL	DESCRIPTION
1	Keyboard DATA	Keyboard DATA
2	NC	No connection
3	GND	Ground
4	VCC	+5V
5	Keyboard Clock	Keyboard clock
6	NC	No connection

USB Connectors

The mainboard provides a UHCI (Universal Host Controller Interface) Universal Serial Bus root for attaching USB devices such as keyboard, mouse or other USB-compatible devices. You can plug the USB device directly into the connector.



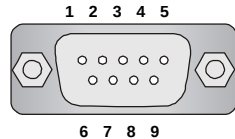
USB Ports

USB Port Description

PIN	SIGNAL	DESCRIPTION
1	VCC	+5V
2	-Data 0	Negative Data Channel 0
3	+Data0	Positive Data Channel 0
4	GND	Ground
5	VCC	+5V
6	-Data 1	Negative Data Channel 1
7	+Data 1	Positive Data Channel 1
8	GND	Ground

Serial Port Connector: COMA

The mainboard offers one 9-pin male DIN connector as serial port COM A. This port is 16550A high speed communication ports that send/receive 16 bytes FIFOs. You can attach a serial mouse or other serial device directly to it.



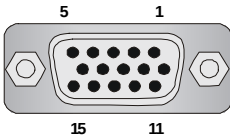
9-Pin Male DIN Connector

Pin Definition

PIN	SIGNAL	DESCRIPTION
1	DCD	Data Carry Detect
2	SIN	Serial In or Receive Data
3	SOUT	Serial Out or Transmit Data
4	DTR	Data Terminal Ready)
5	GND	Ground
6	DSR	Data Set Ready
7	RTS	Request To Send
8	CTS	Clear To Send
9	RI	Ring Indicate

VGA Connector

The mainboard provides a DB 15-pin female connector to connect a VGA monitor.

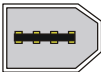


VGA Connector
(DB 15-pin)

Pin	Signal Description	Pin	Signal Description
1	RED	9	+5V
2	GREEN	10	GND
3	BLUE	11	N/C
4	N/C	12	SDA
5	GND	13	Horizontal Sync
6	GND	14	Vertical Sync
7	GND	15	SCL
8	GND		

IEEE 1394 Port (Optional)

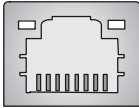
The back panel provides one standard IEEE 1394 port. The standard IEEE 1394 port connects to IEEE 1394 devices without external power. The IEEE 1394 high-speed serial bus complements USB by providing enhanced PC connectivity for a wide range of devices, including consumer electronics audio/video (A/V) appliances, storage peripherals, other PCs, and portable devices.



1394 Port

RJ-45 LAN Jack (Optional)

The mainboard provides one standard RJ-45 jack for connection to Local Area Network (LAN). You can connect a network cable to the LAN jack.



RJ-45 LAN Jack

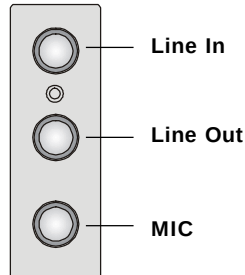
Pin Definition

PIN	SIGNAL	DESCRIPTION
1	TDP	Transmit Differential Pair
2	TDN	Transmit Differential Pair
3	RDP	Receive Differential Pair
4	NC	Not Used
5	NC	Not Used
6	RDN	Receive Differential Pair
7	NC	Not Used
8	NC	Not Used

Audio Port Connectors

Line Out is a connector for Speakers or Headphones. **Line In** is used for external CD player, Tape player, or other audio devices. **Mic** is a connector for microphones.

1/8" Stereo Audio Connectors

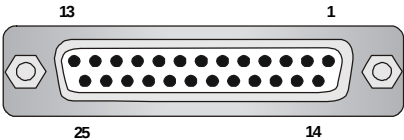


MSI Reminds You...

For advanced audio application, Realtek ALC 655 is provided to offer support for **6-channel audio operation** and can turn rear audio connectors from 2-channel to 4-/6-channel audio. For more information on **6-channel audio operation**, please refer to Appendix. Using 4- or 6-Channel Audio Function.

Parallel Port Connector: LPT1

The mainboard provides a 25-pin female centronic connector as LPT. A parallel port is a standard printer port that supports Enhanced Parallel Port (EPP) and Extended Capabilities Parallel Port (ECP) mode.



Pin Definition

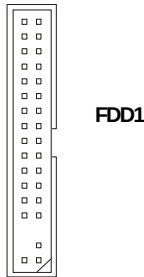
PIN	SIGNAL	DESCRIPTION
1	STROBE	Strobe
2	DATA0	Data0
3	DATA1	Data1
4	DATA2	Data2
5	DATA3	Data3
6	DATA4	Data4
7	DATA5	Data5
8	DATA6	Data6
9	DATA7	Data7
10	ACK#	Acknowledge
11	BUSY	Busy
12	PE	PaperEnd
13	SELECT	Select
14	AUTO FEED#	Automatic Feed
15	ERR#	Error
16	INIT#	Initialize Printer
17	SLIN#	Select In
18	GND	Ground
19	GND	Ground
20	GND	Ground
21	GND	Ground
22	GND	Ground
23	GND	Ground
24	GND	Ground
25	GND	Ground

Connectors

The mainboard provides connectors to connect to FDD, IDE HDD, case, LAN, USB Ports, IR module and CPU/System/Power Supply FAN.

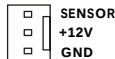
Floppy Disk Drive Connector: FDD1

The mainboard provides a standard floppy disk drive connector that supports 360K, 720K, 1.2M, 1.44M and 2.88M floppy disk types.

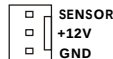


Fan Power Connectors: CPUFAN1/SYSFAN1

The CPUFAN1 (processor fan) and SYSFAN1 (system fan) support system cooling fan with +12V. They support three-pin head connector. When connecting the wire to the connectors, always take note that the red wire is the positive and should be connected to the +12V, the black wire is Ground and should be connected to GND. If the mainboard has a System Hardware Monitor chipset on-board, you must use a specially designed fan with speed sensor to take advantage of the CPU fan control.



CPUFAN1



SYSFAN1

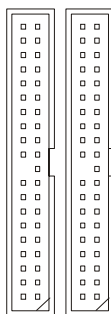


MSI Reminds You...

1. Always consult the vendors for proper CPU cooling fan.
2. CPUFAN1 supports the fan control. You can install the PC Alert utility that will automatically control the CPU fan speed according to the actual CPU temperature.

Hard Disk Connectors: IDE1 & IDE2

The mainboard has a 32-bit Enhanced PCI IDE and Ultra DMA 33/66/100/133 controller that provides PIO mode 0~4, Bus Master, and Ultra DMA 33/66/100/133 function. You can connect up to four hard disk drives, CD-ROM, 120MB Floppy (reserved for future BIOS) and other devices. These connectors support the provided IDE hard disk cable.



IDE2 **IDE1**

IDE1 (Primary IDE Connector)

The first hard drive should always be connected to IDE1. IDE1 can connect a Master and a Slave drive. You must configure second hard drive to Slave mode by setting the jumper accordingly.

IDE2 (Secondary IDE Connector)

IDE2 can also connect a Master and a Slave drive.

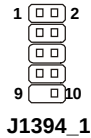


MSI Reminds You...

If you install two hard disks on cable, you must configure the second drive to Slave mode by setting its jumper. Refer to the hard disk documentation supplied by hard disk vendors for jumper setting instructions.

IEEE 1394 Connector: J1394_1 (Optional)

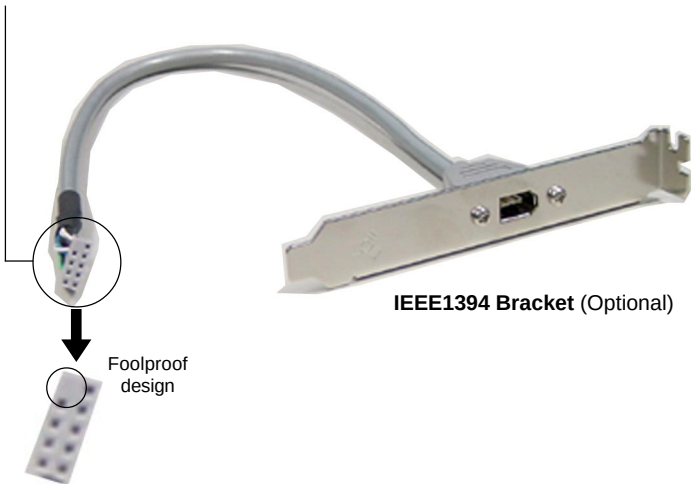
The mainboard provides one IEEE1394 pin header that allows you to connect IEEE 1394 ports via an external IEEE1394 bracket (optional).



Pin Definition

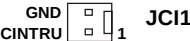
PIN	SIGNAL	PIN	SIGNAL
1	TPA+	2	TPA-
3	Ground	4	Ground
5	TPB+	6	TPB-
7	Cable power	8	Cable power
9	Key (no pin)	10	Ground

Connected to J1394_1



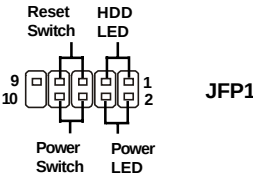
Chassis Intrusion Switch Connector: JCI1

This connector is connected to 2-pin connector chassis switch. If the Chassis is open, the switch will be short. The system will record this status. To clear the warning, you must enter the BIOS setting and clear the status.



Front Panel Connectors: JFP1

The mainboard provides one front panel connector JFP1 for electrical connection to the front panel switches and LEDs. It is compliant with Intel® Front Panel I/O Connectivity Design Guide.

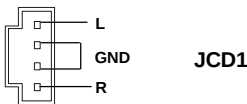


JFP1 Pin Definition

PIN	SIGNAL	DESCRIPTION
1	HD_LED_P	Hard disk LED pull-up
2	FP PWR/SLP	MSG LED pull-up
3	HD_LED_N	Hard disk active LED
4	FP PWR/SLP	MSG LED pull-up
5	RST_SW_N	Reset Switch low reference pull-down to GND
6	PWR_SW_P	Power Switch high reference pull-up
7	RST_SW_P	Reset Switch high reference pull-up
8	PWR_SW_N	Power Switch low reference pull-down to GND
9	RSVD_DNU	Reserved. Do not use.

CD-In Connector: JCD1

The connector is for CD-ROM audio connector.



Front Panel Audio Connector: JAUD1

The JAUD1 front panel audio connector allows you to connect to the front panel audio and is compliant with Intel® Front Panel I/O Connectivity Design Guide.



JAUD1 Pin Definition

PIN	SIGNAL	DESCRIPTION
1	AUD_MIC	Front panel microphone input signal
2	AUD_GND	Ground used by analog audio circuits
3	AUD_MIC_BIAS	Microphone power
4	AUD_VCC	Filtered +5V used by analog audio circuits
5	AUD_FPOUT_R	Right channel audio signal to front panel
6	AUD_RET_R	Right channel audio signal return from front panel
7	HP_ON	Reserved for future use to control headphone amplifier
8	KEY	No pin
9	AUD_FPOUT_L	Left channel audio signal to front panel
10	AUD_RET_L	Left channel audio signal return from front panel



MSI Reminds You...

If you don't want to connect to the front audio header, pins 5 & 6, 9 & 10 have to be jumpered in order to have signal output directed to the rear audio ports. Otherwise, the Line-Out connector on the back panel will not function.



Front USB Connectors: JUSB1

The mainboard provides one USB 2.0 pin header *JUSB1* that is compliant with Intel® I/O Connectivity Design Guide. USB 2.0 technology increases data transfer rate up to a maximum throughput of 480Mbps, which is 40 times faster than USB 1.1, and is ideal for connecting high-speed USB interface peripherals such as **USB HDD, digital cameras, MP3 players, printers, modems and the like.**

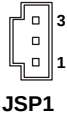


JUSB1 Pin Definition

PIN	SIGNAL	PIN	SIGNAL
1	VCC	2	VCC
3	USB0-	4	USB1-
5	USB0+	6	USB1+
7	GND	8	GND
9	Key	10	USBOC

SPDIF Connector: JSP1

The connector is used to connect SPDIF (Sony & Philips Digital Interconnect Format) interface for digital audio transmission.



JSP1 Pin Definition

PIN	SIGNAL
1	VCCS
2	SPDIF0
3	GND

Connected to JSP1



The JSP1 supports SPDIF output only and can be connected to an external SPDIF Bracket for digital audio transmission.

SPDIF Bracket (Optional)

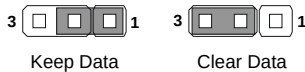
Jumpers

The motherboard provides the following jumpers for you to set the computer's function. This section will explain how to change your motherboard's function through the use of jumpers.

Clear CMOS Jumper: JBAT1

There is a CMOS RAM on board that has a power supply from external battery to keep the data of system configuration. With the CMOS RAM, the system can automatically boot OS every time it is turned on. If you want to clear the system configuration, use the JBAT1 (Clear CMOS Jumper) to clear data. Follow the instructions below to clear the data:

JBAT1



MSI Reminds You...

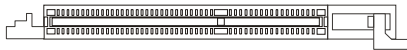
You can clear CMOS by shorting 2-3 pin while the system is off. Then return to 1-2 pin position. Avoid clearing the CMOS while the system is on; it will damage the mainboard.

Slots

The motherboard provides one AGP slot, three 32-bit PCI bus slots and one CNR slot.

AGP (Accelerated Graphics Port) Slot

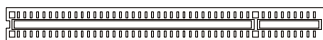
The AGP slot allows you to insert the AGP graphics card. AGP is an interface specification designed for the throughput demands of 3D graphics. It introduces a 66MHz, 32-bit channel for the graphics controller to directly access main memory.



AGP Slot

PCI (Peripheral Component Interconnect) Slots

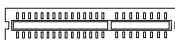
The PCI slots allow you to insert the expansion cards to meet your needs. When adding or removing expansion cards, make sure that you unplug the power supply first. Meanwhile, read the documentation for the expansion card to make any necessary hardware or software settings for the expansion card, such as jumpers, switches or BIOS configuration.



PCI Slot

CNR Slot

The CNR slot allows you to insert the CNR expansion cards. CNR is a specially designed audio, or modem riser card for ATX family motherboards. Its main processing is done through software and controlled by the motherboard's chipset.



CNR Slot

PCI Interrupt Request Routing

The IRQ, abbreviation of interrupt request line and pronounced I-R-Q, are hardware lines over which devices can send interrupt signals to the microprocessor. The PCI IRQ pins are typically connected to the PCI bus INT A# ~ INT D# pins as follows:

	Order 1	Order 2	Order 3	Order 4
PCI Slot 1	INT B#	INT C#	INT D#	INT A#
PCI Slot 2	INT C#	INT D#	INT A#	INT B#
PCI Slot 3	INT D#	INT A#	INT B#	INT C#

3

BIOS Setup

This chapter provides information on the BIOS Setup program and allows you to configure the system for optimum use. You may need to run the Setup program when:

- ◆ An error message appears on the screen during the system booting up, and requests you to run SETUP.
- ◆ You want to change the default settings for customized features.

Entering Setup

Power on the computer and the system will start POST (Power On Self Test) process. When the message below appears on the screen, press <DEL> key to enter Setup.

Press DEL to enter SETUP

If the message disappears before you respond and you still wish to enter Setup, restart the system by turning it OFF and On or pressing the RESET button. You may also restart the system by simultaneously pressing <Ctrl>, <Alt>, and <Delete> keys.

Control Keys

<↑>	Move to the previous item
<↓>	Move to the next item
<←>	Move to the item in the left hand
<→>	Move to the item in the right hand
<Enter>	Select the item
<Esc>	Jumps to the Exit menu or returns to the main menu from a submenu
<+/PU>	Increase the numeric value or make changes
<-/PD>	Decrease the numeric value or make changes
<F1>	General help, only for Status Page Setup Menu and Option Page Setup Menu
<F5>	Load Previous Values
<F6>	Load Fail-Safe Defaults
<F7>	Load Optimized Defaults

Getting Help

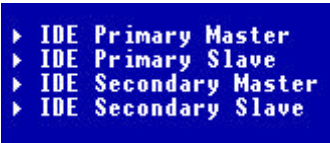
After entering the Setup menu, the first menu you will see is the Main Menu.

Main Menu

The main menu lists the setup functions you can make changes to. You can use the control keys ($\uparrow\downarrow$) to select the item. The on-line description of the highlighted setup function is displayed at the bottom of the screen.

Sub-Menu

If you find a right pointer symbol (as shown in the right view) appears to the left of certain fields that means a sub-menu containing additional options can be launched from this field. You can use control keys ($\uparrow\downarrow$) to highlight the field and press <Enter> to call up the sub-menu. Then you can use the control keys to enter values and move from field to field within a sub-menu. If you want to return to the main menu, just press <Esc>.



```
▶ IDE Primary Master
▶ IDE Primary Slave
▶ IDE Secondary Master
▶ IDE Secondary Slave
```

General Help <F1>

The BIOS setup program provides a General Help screen. You can call up this screen from any menu by simply pressing <F1>. The Help screen lists the appropriate keys to use and the possible selections for the highlighted item. Press <Esc> to exit the Help screen.

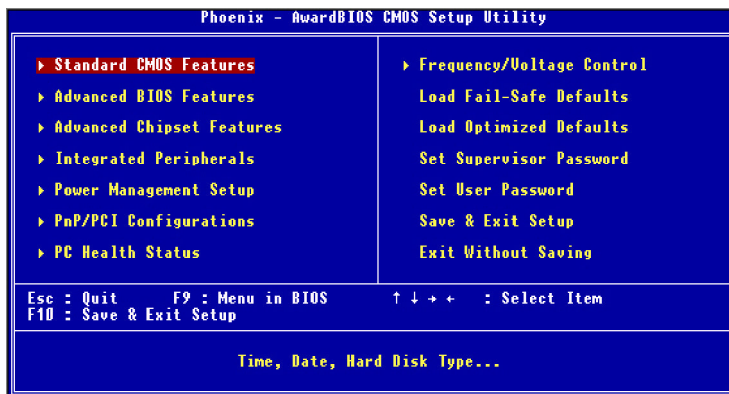


MSI Reminds You...

The items under each BIOS category described in this chapter are under continuous update for better system performance. Therefore, the description may be slightly different from the latest BIOS and should be held for reference only.

The Main Menu

Once you enter Award® BIOS CMOS Setup Utility, the Main Menu (figure below) will appear on the screen. The Main Menu allows you to select from twelve setup functions and two exit choices. Use arrow keys to select among the items and press <Enter> to accept or enter the sub-menu.



Standard CMOS Features

Use this menu for basic system configurations, such as time, date etc.

Advanced BIOS Features

Use this menu to setup the items of Award® special enhanced features.

Advanced Chipset Features

Use this menu to change the values in the chipset registers and optimize your system's performance.

Integrated Peripherals

Use this menu to specify your settings for integrated peripherals.

Power Management Setup

Use this menu to specify your settings for power management.

PnP/PCI Configurations

This entry appears if your system supports PnP/PCI.

PC Health Status

This entry shows your PC health status.

Frequency/Voltage Control

Use this menu to specify your settings for frequency/voltage control.

Load Fail-Safe Defaults

Use this menu to load the BIOS values for the best system performance, but the system stability may be affected.

Load Optimized Defaults

Use this menu to load factory default settings into the BIOS for stable system performance operations.

Set Supervisor Password

Use this menu to set Supervisor Password.

Set User Password

Use this menu to set User Password.

Save & Exit Setup

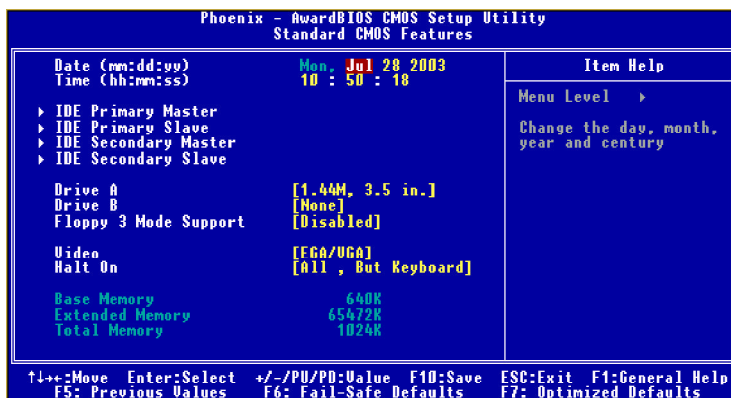
Save changes to CMOS and exit setup.

Exit Without Saving

Abandon all changes and exit setup.

Standard CMOS Features

The items in Standard CMOS Features Menu are divided into 11 categories. Each category includes no, one or more than one setup items. Use the arrow keys to highlight the item and then use the <PgUp> or <PgDn> keys to select the value you want in each item.



Date

The date format is <day> <month> <date> <year>.

day	Day of the week, from Sun to Sat, determined by BIOS. Read-only.
month	The month from Jan. through Dec.
date	The date from 1 to 31 can be keyed by numeric function keys.
year	The year can be adjusted by users.

Time

The time format is <hour> <minute> <second>.

IDE Primary/Secondary Master/Slave

Press PgUp/<+> or PgDn/<-> to select *Manual*, *None* or *Auto* type. Note that the specifications of your drive must match with the drive table. The hard disk will not work properly if you enter improper information for this category. If your hard disk drive type is not matched or listed, you can use *Manual* to define your own drive type manually.

If you select *Manual*, related information is asked to be entered to the following items. Enter the information directly from the keyboard. This information should be provided in the documentation from your hard disk vendor or the system manufacturer.

Access Mode	The settings are CHS, LBA, Large, Auto.
Capacity	The formatted size of the storage device.
Cylinder	Number of cylinders.
Head	Number of heads.
Precomp	Write precompensation.
Landing Zone	Cylinder location of the landing zone.
Sector	Number of sectors.

Drive A/B

This item allows you to set the type of floppy drives installed. Available options: *None*, *360K, 5.25 in.*, *1.2M, 5.25 in.*, *720K, 3.5 in.*, *1.44M, 3.5 in.*, *2.88M, 3.5 in.*

Floppy 3 Mode Support

The item allows you to set the Floppy 3 Mode. Available options are: *Disabled*, *Drive A*, *Drive B*, *Both*.

Video

The setting controls the type of video adapter used for the primary monitor of the system. Available options: *EGA/VGA*, *CGA 40*, *CGA 80*, *MONO*.

HaltOn

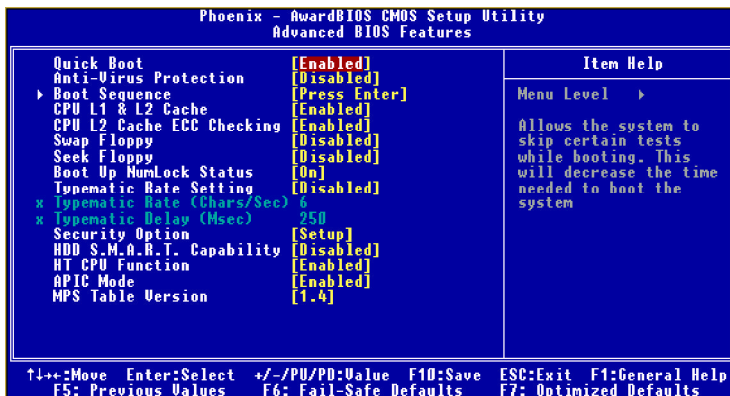
The setting determines whether the system will stop if an error is detected at boot. Available options are:

<i>All Errors</i>	The system stops when any error is detected.
<i>No Errors</i>	The system doesn't stop for any detected error.
<i>All, But Keyboard</i>	The system doesn't stop for a keyboard error.
<i>All, But Diskette</i>	The system doesn't stop for a disk error.
<i>All, But Disk/Key</i>	The system doesn't stop for either a disk or a keyboard error.

Base/Extended/Total Memory

The three items show the memory status of your system (read only).

Advanced BIOS Features



Quick Boot

Setting the item to *Enabled* allows the system to boot within 5 seconds since it will skip some check items. Settings: *Disabled, Enabled*.

Anti-Virus Protection

The item is to set the Virus Warning feature for IDE Hard Disk boot sector protection. If the function is enabled and any attempt to write data into this area is made, BIOS will display a warning message on screen and beep. Settings: *Disabled, Enabled*.

Boot Sequence

Press <Enter> and the following sub-menu appears:



1st/2nd/3rd Boot Device

The items allow you to set the sequence of boot devices where BIOS attempts to load the disk operating system.

**MSI Reminds You...**

1. Available settings for “1st/2nd/3rd Boot Device” vary depending on the bootable devices you have installed. For example, if you did not install a floppy drive, the setting “Floppy” does not show up.
2. If you want to boot from any of the USB-interface devices, please set **USB Keyboard/Mouse Support** in **SiS OnChip PCI Device of Integrated Peripherals** to **Enabled**.

Boot Other Device

Setting the option to *Enabled* allows the system to try to boot from other device if the system fails to boot from the 1st/2nd/3rd boot device.

CPU L1 & L2 Cache

The item allows you to turn on or off CPU’s internal (L1) and external (L2) cache. Settings: *Enabled, Disabled*.

CPU L2 Cache ECC Checking

This field is used to enable or disable the CPU L2 Cache ECC Checking function. Settings: *Enabled, Disabled*.

SwapFloppy

Setting to *Enabled* will swap floppy drives A: and B:.

Seek Floppy

Setting to *Enabled* will make BIOS seek floppy drive A: before booting the system. Settings: *Disabled, Enabled*.

Boot Up NumLock Status

This setting is to set the Num Lock status when the system is powered on. Setting to *On* will turn on the Num Lock key when the system is powered on. Setting to *Off* will allow users to use the arrow keys on the numeric keypad. Setting options: *On, Off*.

Typematic Rate Setting

This item is used to enable or disable the typematic rate setting including Typematic Rate & Typematic Delay.

Typematic Rate (Chars/Sec)

After *Typematic Rate Setting* is enabled, this item allows you to set the

rate (characters/second) at which the keys are accelerated. Settings: 6, 8, 10, 12, 15, 20, 24, 30.

TypematicDelay (Msec)

This item allows you to select the delay between when the key was first pressed and when the acceleration begins. Settings: 250, 500, 750 and 1000.

Security Option

This specifies the type of BIOS password protection that is implemented. Settings are described below:

Option	Description
<i>Setup</i>	The password prompt appears only when end users try to run Setup.
<i>System</i>	A password prompt appears every time when the computer is powered on or when end users try to run Setup.

HDD S.M.A.R.T. Capability

This allows you to activate the S.M.A.R.T. (Self-Monitoring Analysis & Reporting Technology) capability for the hard disks. S.M.A.R.T is a utility that monitors your disk status to predict hard disk failure. This gives you an opportunity to move data from a hard disk that is going to fail to a safe place before the hard disk becomes offline. Settings: *Enabled* and *Disabled*.

HT CPU Function

This field is used to enable or disable the Intel Hyper Threading CPU function. Setting to *Enabled* will increase the system performance. Settings: *Enabled*, *Disabled*. **Please disable this item if your operating system doesn't support HT Function, or unreliability and instability may occur.**



MSI Reminds You...

Enabling the functionality of Hyper-Threading Technology for your computer system requires ALL of the following platform Components:

- *CPU: An Intel® Pentium® 4 Processor with HT Technology;*
- *Chipset: A chipset that supports HT Technology;*
- *BIOS: A BIOS that supports HT Technology and has it enabled;*
- *OS: Only Microsoft® Windows 2000 and XP can support HT technology.*

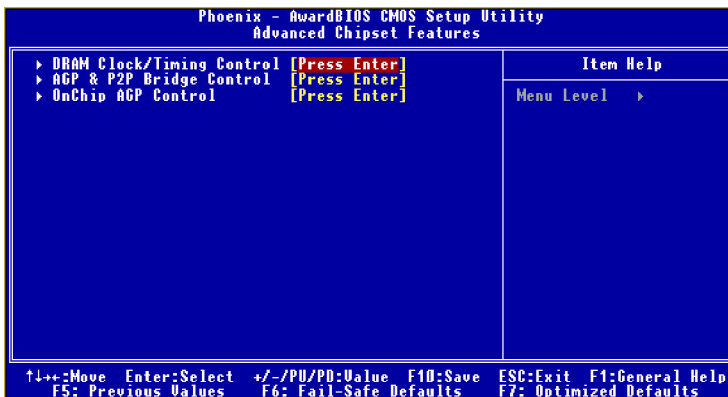
APICMode

This field is used to enable or disable the APIC (Advanced Programmable Interrupt Controller). Due to compliance to PC2001 design guide, the system is able to run in APIC mode. Enabling APIC mode will expand available IRQs resources for the system. Settings: *Enabled, Disabled*.

MPS Table Version

This field allows you to select which MPS (Multi-Processor Specification) version to be used for the operating system. You need to select the MPS version supported by your operating system. To find out which version to use, consult the vendor of your operating system. Settings: *1.4, 1.1*.

Advanced Chipset Features



MSI Reminds You...

Change these settings only if you are familiar with the chipset.

DRAM Clock/Timing Control

Press <Enter> and the following sub-menu appears:



Current CPU/DRAM/DDR Frequency

These items allow you to view the current CPU/DRAM/DDR frequency.

Performance Mode

This setting particularly provided by SiS gives the proper suggestion for user to set timing. The Timings programmed into this register are dependent on the system design. Setting options: *Enabled*, *Disabled*.

DRAM Frequency

This allows you to determine the DRAM frequency manually. Setting options: *By SPD*, *100 MHz*, *133 MHz*, *166 MHz*, *200 MHz*.

DRAM Timing Control

This field allows you to select the DRAM timing setting. Setting to *By SPD* enables Max Memclock (Mhz) automatically to be determined by SPD. Selecting *Manual* allows users to configure these fields manually.

DRAM CAS Latency

When the “DRAM Timing Control” is set to *Manual*, this field is adjustable. The field controls the CAS latency, which determines the timing delay before SDRAM starts a read command after receiving it. Setting options: *2T*, *2.5T*, *3T*. *2T* increases system performance while *3T* provides more stable system performance.

RAS Active Time (tRAS)

When the “DRAM Timing Control” is set to *Manual*, this field is adjustable. This setting determines the time RAS takes to read from and write to a memory cell. Setting options: *4T* to *9T*.

RAS Precharge Time (tRP)

When the “DRAM Timing Control” is set to *Manual*, this field is adjustable. This setting controls the number of cycles for Row Address Strobe (RAS) to be allowed to precharge. If insufficient time is allowed for the RAS to accumulate its charge before DRAM refresh, refreshing may be incomplete and DRAM may fail to retain data. This item applies only when synchronous DRAM is installed in the system. Setting options: *2T* to *5T*.

RAS to CAS Delay (tRCD)

When the “DRAM Timing Control” is set to *Manual*, this field is adjustable. When DRAM is refreshed, both rows and columns are addressed separately. This setup item allows you to determine the timing of the transition from RAS (row address strobe) to CAS (column address strobe). The less the clock cycles, the faster the DRAM performance. Settings: *2T* to *5T*.

MA 1T/2T Select

This setting controls the SDRAM command rate. Selecting *Auto* allows SDRAM signal controller to run at 1T (T=clock cycles) rate. Selecting *MA 1T* makes SDRAM signal controller run at 2T rate. 1T is faster than 2T. Setting options: *Auto*, *2T*, *1T*.

AGP & P2P Bridge Control

Press <Enter> and the following sub-menu appears:

Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility		
AGP & P2P Bridge Control		
AGP Aperture Size	[64MB]	Item Help
AGP Fast Write Support	[Enabled]	
AGP Data Rate	[Auto]	Menu Level >>

AGP Aperture Size

This setting controls just how much system RAM can be allocated to AGP for video purposes. The aperture is a portion of the PCI memory address range dedicated to graphics memory address space. Host cycles that hit the aperture range are forwarded to the AGP without any translation. The option allows the selection of an aperture size of *32MB*, *64MB*, *128MB*, *256MB*, *512MB*.

AGP Fast Write

This option enables or disables the AGP Fast Write feature. The Fast Write technology allows the CPU to write directly to the graphics card without passing anything through the system memory and improves the AGP 4X speed.

AGP Data Rate

This option allows you to specify the transferring data rate of AGP. Setting options: *Auto*, *1X*, *2X*, *4X*.

OnChip AGP Control

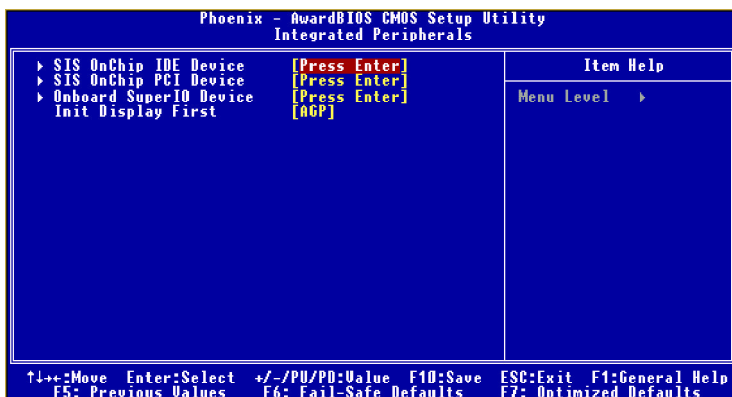
Press <Enter> and the following sub-menu appears:

Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility		
OnChip AGP Control		
VGA Share Memory Size	[32 MB]	Item Help

VGA Shared Memory Size

Specify the size of system memory to allocate for video memory, *from 16 to 128 MB*.

Integrated Peripherals



SiS OnChip IDE Device

Press <Enter> and the following sub-menu appears:



Internal PCI/IDE

The field specifies the internal primary and secondary PCI/IDE controllers. Settings: *Disabled*, *Primary*, *Secondary*, *Both*.

IDE Primary/Secondary Master/Slave PIO

The four IDE PIO (Programmed Input/Output) fields let you set a PIO mode (0-4) for each of the four IDE devices that the onboard IDE interface supports. Modes 0 through 4 provide successively increased performance. In *Auto* mode, the system automatically determines the best mode for each device. The settings are: *Auto*, *Mode 0*, *Mode 1*, *Mode 2*, *Mode 3*, *Mode 4*.

Primary/Secondary Master/Slave UltraDMA

Ultra DMA 33/66/100/133 implementation is possible only if your IDE hard drive supports it and the operating environment includes a DMA

driver (Windows ME, XP or a third-party IDE bus master driver). If your hard drive and your system software both support Ultra DMA/33, Ultra DMA/66, Ultra DMA/100 and Ultra DMA/133, select *Auto* to enable BIOS support. Settings: *Auto, Disabled*.

IDE DMA transfer access

Setting to *Enabled* will open DMA bus master and execute DMA action in DOS, which will make the data transferring faster. Settings: *Disabled, Enabled*.

SiS OnChip PCI Device

Press <Enter> and the following sub-menu appears:

Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility		
SiS OnChip PCI Device		
SiS USB Controller	[Enabled]	Item Help Menu Level >>
USB 2.0 Supports	[Enabled]	
USB Keyboard Support	[Enabled]	
USB Mouse Support	[Enabled]	
SiS AC97 AUDIO	[Auto]	
SiS S/W Modem	[Auto]	
SiS 1394 Controller	[Enabled]	
SiS 10/100M ETHERNET	[Enabled]	
Onboard Lan Boot ROM	[Disabled]	

SiS USB Controller

Select *Enabled* if your system contains a Universal Serial Bus (USB) controller and you have USB peripherals. Settings: *Enabled, Disabled*.

USB 2.0 Supports

This item is used to enable/disable the USB 2.0 Support. Settings: *Enabled, Disabled*.

USB Keyboard/Mouse Support

Set to *Enabled* if you need to use a USB keyboard/mouse in the operating system that does not support or does not have any USB driver installed, such as DOS and SCO Unix.

SiS AC97 Audio

Auto allows the mainboard to detect whether an audio device is used. If an audio device is detected, the onboard AC97 (Audio Codec'97) controller will be enabled; if not, it is disabled. Disable the controller if you want to use other controller cards to connect an audio device. Settings: *Auto, Disabled*.

SiS S/W Modem

This item is used to enable/disable the SiS S/W Modem. Settings: *Auto*, *Disabled*.

SiS 1394 Controller

This item is used to enable/disable the 1394 controller. Settings: *Enabled*, *Disabled*.

SiS 10/100M Ethernet

This item is used to enable/disable the 10/100M Ethernet function. Settings: *Enabled*, *Disabled*.

Onboard Lan BootROM

This item is used to decide whether to invoke the Boot ROM of the Onboard LAN Chip. Settings: *Enabled*, *Disabled*.

Onboard SuperIO Device

Press <Enter> and the following sub-menu appears:

Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility	
Onboard SuperIO Device	
Onboard FDC Controller	[Enabled]
Onboard Serial Port 1	[Auto]
Onboard Parallel Port	[378/IRQ7]
Parallel Port Mode	[ECP]
EPP Mode Select	[EPP1.7]
ECP Mode Use DMA	[3]
Item Help	
Menu Level >>	

Onboard FDC Controller

Select *Enabled* if your system has a floppy disk controller (FDD) installed on the system board and you wish to use it. If you install add-on FDC or the system has no floppy drive, select *Disabled* in this field. Setting options: *Enabled*, *Disabled*.

Onboard Serial Port 1

This item specifies the base I/O port address and IRQ for the onboard Serial Port 1 (COM A). Selecting *Auto* allows BIOS to automatically determine the correct base I/O port address. Settings: *Disabled*, *3F8/IRQ4*, *2F8/IRQ3*, *3E8/IRQ4*, *2E8/IRQ3*, *Auto*.

Onboard Parallel Port

This specifies the I/O port address and IRQ of the onboard parallel port. Settings: *378/IRQ7*, *278/IRQ5*, *3BC/IRQ7*, *Disabled*.

Parallel Port Mode

This item selects the operating mode for the parallel port: *Normal*, *SPP*, *EPP*, *ECP*, or *ECP+EPP*.

SPP:	Standard Parallel Port
EPP:	Enhanced Parallel Port
ECP:	Extended Capability Port
ECP+EPP:	Extended Capability Port + Enhanced Parallel Port
Normal:	Standard Parallel Port + Bi-Directional Mode.

EPP Mode Select

This item selects the EPP mode. Settings: *EPP1.9*, *EPP1.7*.

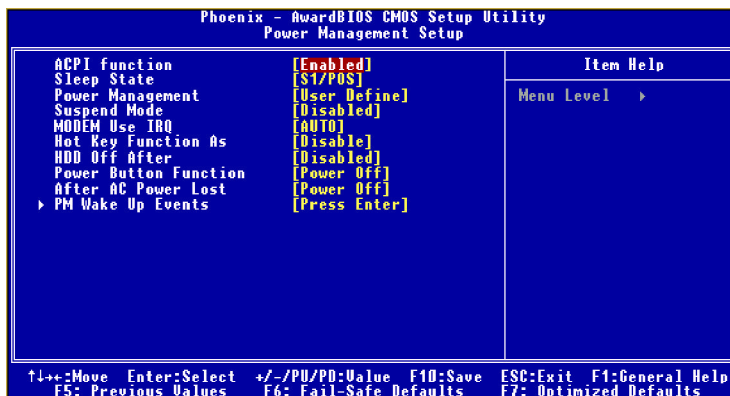
ECP Mode Use DMA

The ECP mode has to use the DMA channel, so choose the onboard parallel port with the ECP feature. After selecting it, the following message will appear: “ECP Mode Use DMA.” At this time, the user can choose between DMA channel 3 or 1.

Init Display First

This item specifies which VGA card is your primary graphics adapter. Settings: *PCI Slot*, *AGP*.

Power Management Setup



ACPI Function

This item is to activate the ACPI (Advanced Configuration and Power Management Interface) function. If your operating system is ACPI-aware, such as Windows 98SE/2000/ME, select *Enabled*. Available options: *Enabled*, *Disabled*.

Sleep State

This item specifies the power saving modes for ACPI function. Options are:

- S1/POS* The S1 sleep mode is a low power state. In this state, no system context is lost (CPU or chipset) and hardware maintains all system context.
- S3/STR* The S3 sleep mode is a lower power state where the information of system configuration and open applications/files is saved to main memory that remains powered while most other hardware components turn off to save energy. The information stored in memory will be used to restore the system when a “wake up” event occurs.

Power Management

This item is used to select the degree (or type) of power saving and is related to the mode: *Suspend Mode*. There are three options for power management:

- Min Saving* Minimum Power Management. Suspend Mode = 1 Hour.
- Max Saving* Maximum Power Management. Suspend Mode = 1 Min.
- User Define* Allows end users to configure the Suspend Mode field.

Suspend Mode

When you choose *User Define* in the *Power Management* item, this item is selectable. This setting allows you to select the type of Suspend mode. Setting options: *Disabled* (default setting), *1 min* to *1 hour*.

MODEMUseIRQ

This setting names the interrupt request (IRQ) line assigned to the modem (if any) on your system. Activity of the selected IRQ always awakens the system. Setting options: *3, 4, 5, 7, 9, 10, 11, Auto*.

Hot Key Function As

This setting specifies the function of the preset hot key (Ctrl+Alt+Backspace). Setting options: *Disable, Power Off, Suspend*.

HDDOffAfter

After the selected period of system inactivity, the Hard Disk will be shut off. Setting options: *Disabled, 1-15 Mins*.

Power Button Function

This feature allows users to configure the Power Button function. Settings are:

<i>Power Off</i>	The power button functions as a normal power-on/-off button.
<i>Suspend</i>	When you press the power button, the computer enters the suspend/sleep mode, but if the button is pressed for more than four seconds, the computer is turned off.

After AC Power Lost

This item specifies whether your system will reboot after a power failure or interrupt occurs. Available settings are:

<i>Power Off</i>	Leaves the computer in the power off state.
<i>Power On</i>	Leaves the computer in the power on state.
<i>Last State</i>	Restores the system to the status before power failure or interrupt occurred.

PM Wake Up Events

Press <Enter> and the following sub-menu appears:

Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility		
PM Wake Up Events		
IRQ [3-7,9-15],NMI	[Enabled]	Item Help
IRQ 8 Break Suspend	[Disabled]	
Wake Up On Ring	[Disabled]	Menu Level >>
MACPME Power Up Control	[Enabled]	
Wake Up On PME	[Enabled]	
USB Wake up from S3	[Disabled]	
PS2KB Wakeup from S3/S4/S5	[Hot Key]	
PS2MS Wakeup from S3/S4/S5	[Disabled]	
Resume by Alarm	[Disabled]	
x Month Alarm	NO	
x Day of Month Alarm	0	
x Time (hh:mm:ss) Alarm	0 : 0 : 0	
** Reload Global Timer Events **		
Primary IDE	[Disabled]	
Secondary IDE	[Disabled]	
FDD,COM,LPT Port	[Disabled]	
PCI PIRQ[A-D]#	[Disabled]	

IRQ [3-7, 9-15],NMI; IRQ 8 Break Suspend

These fields specify whether the system will be awakened from power saving modes when activity or input signal of the specified hardware peripheral or component is detected.

Wake Up On Ring, Wake Up On PME, USB Wakeup From S3

These fields specify whether the system will be awakened from power saving modes when activity or input signal of the specified hardware peripheral or component is detected.

MACPME Power Up Control

These fields specify whether the system will be awakened from power saving modes when activity or input signal of onboard LAN is detected only.

PS2KB Wakeup From S3/S4/S5

This setting allows you to wake up the system from S3/S4/S5 states with the options of *Any Key*, *Hot Key* and *Password* (max. 8 numbers).

PS2MS Wakeup From S3/S4/S5

This controls how the PS/2 mouse can power on the system. Settings: *Click, Move & Click, Disabled*.



MSI Reminds You...

S3-related functions described in this section are available only when your BIOS supports S3 sleep mode.

Resume By Alarm

The field is used to enable or disable the function of Resume By Alarm.
Settings: *Disabled, Enabled.*

MonthAlarm

When Resume By Alarm is set to Enabled, the field specifies the month for *Resume By Alarm*. Settings: *NA, 1-12.*

Date of MonthAlarm

When Resume By Alarm is set to Enabled, the field specifies the date for *Resume By Alarm*. Settings: *0~31.*

Time (hh:mm:ss) Alarm

When Resume By Alarm is set to Enabled, the field specifies the time for *Resume By Alarm*. Format is <hour><minute><second>.

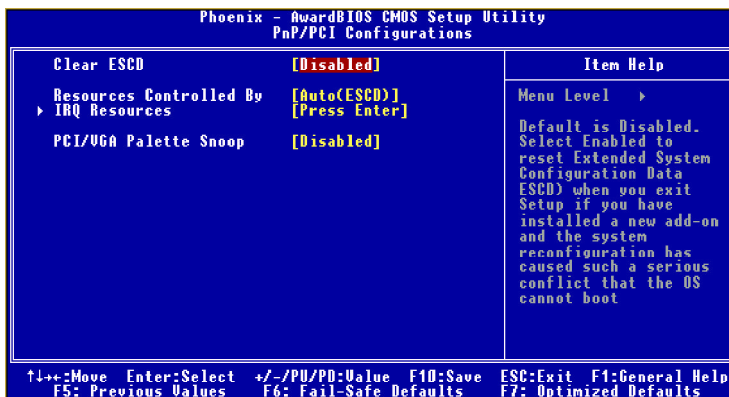
**** Reload Global Timer Events ****

Primary/Secondary IDE, FDD/COM/LPT Ports, PCI PIRQ [A-D]#

The global timer is the hardware timer that counts down to the power saving modes. If the monitoring of the listed hardware peripherals or components is enabled, the activity of the specified peripherals or components will awaken the system or reload the original count of global timer when they are accessed.

PNP/PCI Configurations

This section describes configuring the PCI bus system and PnP (Plug & Play) feature. PCI, or Peripheral Component Interconnect, is a system which allows I/O devices to operate at speeds nearing the speed the CPU itself uses when communicating with its special components. This section covers some very technical items and it is strongly recommended that only experienced users should make any changes to the default settings.



Clear ESCD

The ESCD (Extended System Configuration Data) NVRAM (Non-volatile Random Access Memory) is where the BIOS stores resource information for both PNP and non-PNP devices in a bit string format. When the item is set to *Enabled*, the system will reset ESCD NVRAM right after the system is booted up and then set the setting of the item back to *Disabled* automatically. Settings: *Disabled, Enabled*.

Resources Controlled By

The Award Plug and Play BIOS has the capacity to automatically configure all of the boot and Plug and Play compatible devices. However, this capability means absolutely nothing unless you are using a Plug and Play operating system such as Windows® 98/2000. If you set this field to “manual”, choose specific resources by going into each sub-menu that follows this field. Settings: *Auto(ESCD), Manual*.

IRQ Resources

The items are adjustable only when *Resources Controlled By* is set to *Manual*. Press <Enter> and you will enter the sub-menu of the items.

IRQ-3	assigned to	[PCI Device]
IRQ-4	assigned to	[PCI Device]
IRQ-5	assigned to	[PCI Device]
IRQ-7	assigned to	[PCI Device]
IRQ-9	assigned to	[PCI Device]
IRQ-10	assigned to	[PCI Device]
IRQ-11	assigned to	[PCI Device]
IRQ-14	assigned to	[PCI Device]
IRQ-15	assigned to	[PCI Device]

IRQ Resources list IRQ 3/4/5/7/9/10/11/12/14/15 for users to set each IRQ a type depending on the type of device using the IRQ. Settings are:

- PCI Device* For Plug & Play compatible devices designed for PCI bus architecture.
- Reserved* The IRQ will be reserved for further request.

PCI/VGA Palette Snoop

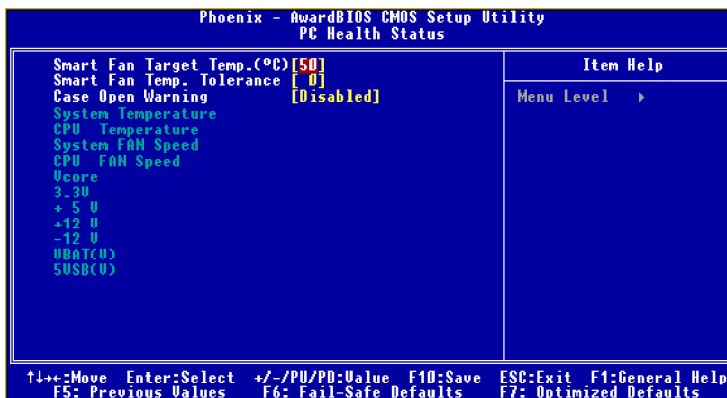
When set to *Enabled*, multiple VGA devices operating on different buses can handle data from the CPU on each set of palette registers on every video device. Bit 5 of the command register in the PCI device configuration space is the VGA Palette Snoop bit (0 is disabled). For example, if there are two VGA devices in the computer (one PCI and one ISA) and the:

VGA Palette Snoop Bit Setting	Action
<i>Disabled</i>	Data read or written by the CPU is only directed to the PCI VGA device's palette registers.
<i>Enabled</i>	Data read or written by the CPU is directed to both the PCI VGA device's palette registers and the ISA VGA device's palette registers, permitting the palette registers of both VGA devices to be identical.

The setting must be set to *Enabled* if any ISA bus adapter in the system requires VGA palette snooping.

PC Health Status

This section shows the status of your CPU, fan, overall system status, etc. Monitor function is available only if there is hardware monitoring mechanism onboard.



Smart Fan Target Temp. (°C)

W83627THF provides the Smart Fan system which can control the fan speed automatically depending on the current temperature to keep it within a specific range.

Smart Fan Temp. Tolerance

You can select a fan tolerance value here for the specific range for the “Smart Fan Target Temp. (°C)” item. If the current temperature of the fan reaches the maximum threshold (the temperature set in the “Smart Fan Target Temp.(°C)” plus the tolerance values you set here), the fan will speed up for cooling down. On the contrary, if the current temperature reaches to the minimum threshold (the set temperature minus the tolerance value), the fan will slow down to keep the temperature stable.

Case Open Warning

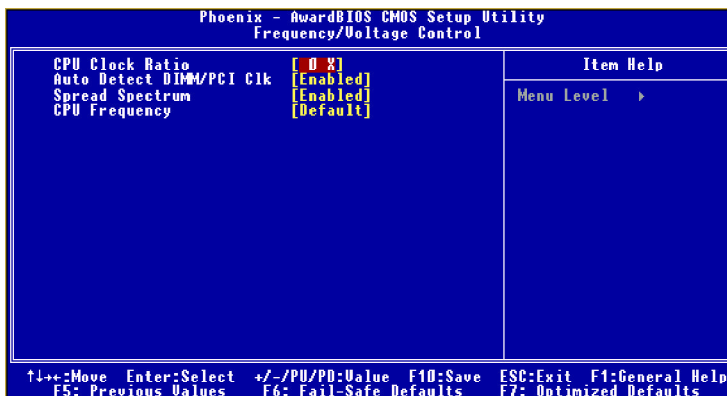
The field enables or disables the feature of recording the chassis intrusion status and issuing a warning message if the chassis is once opened. This item is available only when your mainboard has JCI1 jumper. To clear the warning message, set the field to *Reset*. The setting of the field will automatically return to *Enabled* later. Settings: *Enabled, Reset, Disabled*.

System/CPU Temperature, CPU/System FAN Speed, Vcore, 3.3 V, +5 V, +12 V, -12 V, VBAT(V), 5VSB(V)

These items display the current status of all of the monitored hardware devices/components such as CPU voltages, temperatures and all fans' speeds.

Frequency/Voltage Control

Use this menu to specify your settings for frequency/voltage control.



CPU Clock Ratio

End users can overclock the processor (only if the processor supports so) by specifying the CPU ratio (clock multiplier) in this field. It is available only when “Set CPU Ratio” is set to *Manual*.

AutoDetectDIMM/PCI Clk

This item is used to auto detect the PCI slots. When set to *Enabled*, the system will remove (turn off) clocks from empty PCI slots to minimize the electromagnetic interference (EMI). Settings: *Enabled*, *Disabled*.

SpreadSpectrum

When the motherboard’s clock generator pulses, the extreme values (spikes) of the pulses creates EMI (Electromagnetic Interference). The Spread Spectrum function reduces the EMI generated by modulating the pulses so that the spikes of the pulses are reduced to flatter curves. If you do not have any EMI problem, leave the setting at *Disabled* for optimal system stability and performance. But if you are plagued by EMI, set to *Enabled* for EMI reduction. Remember to disable Spread Spectrum if you are overclocking because even a slight jitter can introduce a temporary boost in clock speed which may just cause your overclocked processor to lock up.

CPUFrequency

Use this item to select the appropriate clock frequency of the CPU host bus. Options are: *100MHz*, *133MHz*, *200MHz*, *Default*.

Load Fail-Safe/Optimized Defaults

The two options on the main menu allow users to restore all of the BIOS settings to the default Fail-Safe or Optimized values. The Optimized Defaults are the default values set by the mainboard manufacturer specifically for optimal performance of the mainboard. The Fail-Safe Defaults are the default values set by the BIOS vendor for stable system performance.

When you select Load Fail-Safe Defaults, a message as below appears:



Pressing Y loads the BIOS default values for the most stable, minimal system performance.

When you select Load Optimized Defaults, a message as below appears:



Pressing Y loads the default factory settings for optimal system performance.

Set Supervisor/User Password

When you select this function, a message as below will appear on the screen:

Enter Password:

Type the password, up to eight characters in length, and press <Enter>. The password typed now will replace any previously set password from CMOS memory. You will be prompted to confirm the password. Retype the password and press <Enter>. You may also press <Esc> to abort the selection and not enter a password.

To clear a set password, just press <Enter> when you are prompted to enter the password. A message will show up confirming the password will be disabled. Once the password is disabled, the system will boot and you can enter Setup without entering any password.

When a password has been set, you will be prompted to enter it every time you try to enter Setup. This prevents an unauthorized person from changing any part of your system configuration.

Additionally, when a password is enabled, you can also have BIOS to request a password each time the system is booted. This would prevent unauthorized use of your computer. The setting to determine when the password prompt is required is the Security Option of the Advanced BIOS Feature menu. If the Security Option is set to *System*, the password is required both at boot and at entry to Setup. If set to *Setup*, password prompt only occurs when you try to enter Setup.



MSI Reminds You...

About Supervisor Password & User Password:

Supervisor password: Can enter and change the settings of the setup menu.

User password: Can only enter but do not have the right to change the settings of the setup menu.

Appendix: Using 4- or 6-Channel Audio Function

The motherboard is equipped with Realtek ALC655 chip, which provides support for 6-channel audio output, including 2 Front, 2 Rear, 1 Center and 1 Subwoofer channel. ALC655 allows the board to attach 4 or 6 speakers for better surround sound effect. The section will tell you how to install and use 4-/6-channel audio function on the board.

Installing the Audio Driver

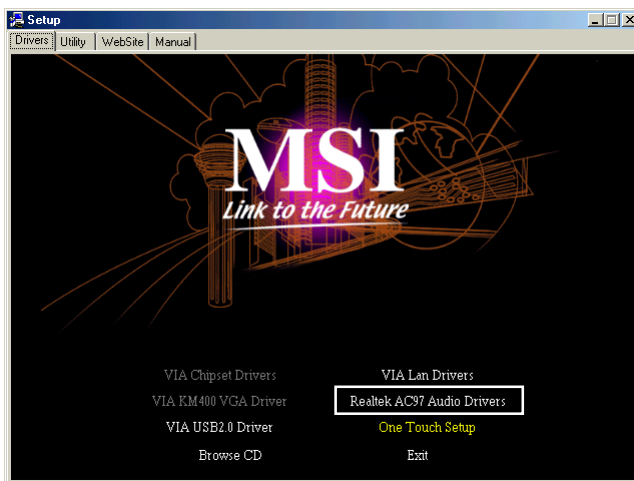
You need to install the driver for Realtek ALC655 chip to function properly before you can get access to 4-/6-channel audio operations. Follow the procedures described below to install the drivers for different operating systems.

Installation for Windows 98SE/ME/2000/XP

For Windows® 2000, you must install Windows® 2000 Service Pack2 or later before installing the driver.

The following illustrations are based on Windows® XP environment and could look slightly different if you install the drivers in different operating systems.

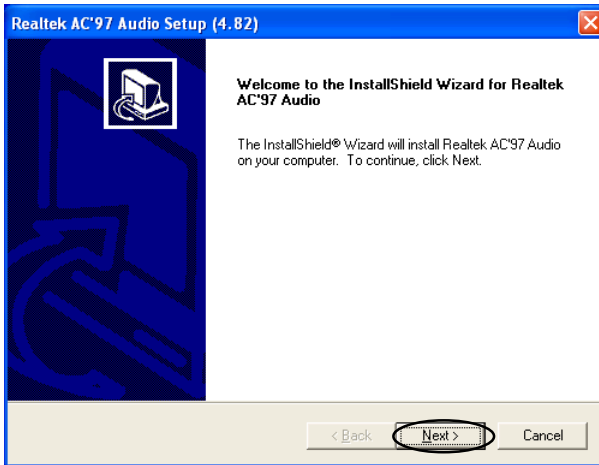
1. Insert the companion CD into the CD-ROM drive. The setup screen will automatically appear. *(Please note the screen below might be different depending on the different mainboard you purchased.)*
2. Click **Realtek AC97 Audio Drivers**.



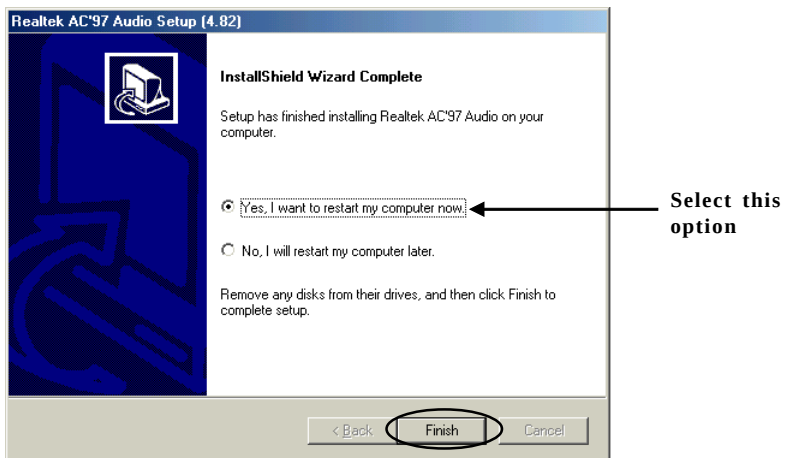
MSI Reminds You...

The **AC97 Audio Configuration**  software utility is under continuous update to enhance audio applications. Hence, the program screens shown here in this appendix may be slightly different from the latest software utility and shall be held for reference only.

3. Click **Next** to start installing files into the system.



4. Click **Finish** to restart the system.



Using 4- or 6-Channel Audio Function

After installing the audio driver, you are able to use the 4-/6-channel audio feature now. To enable 4- or 6-channel audio operation, first connect 4 or 6 speakers to the appropriate audio connectors, and then select 4- or 6-channel audio setting in the software utility.

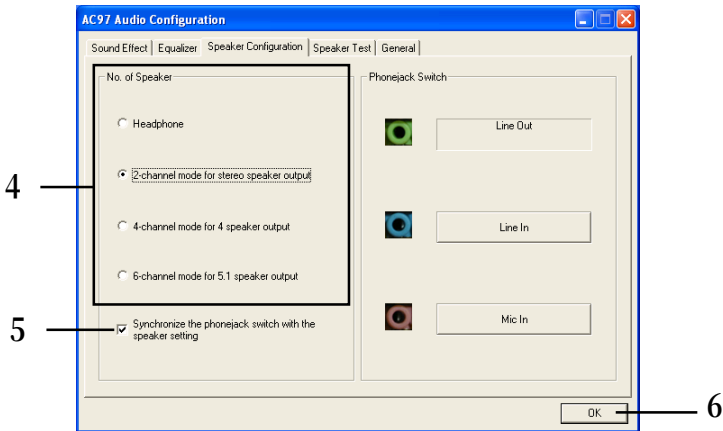
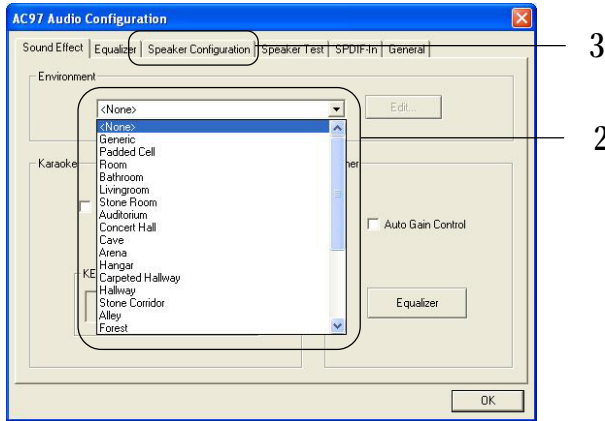
Using the Back Panel

In addition to a default 2-channel analog audio output function, the audio connectors on the Back Panel also provide 4- or 6-channel analog audio output function if a proper setting is made in the software utility.

Read the following steps to have the Multi-Channel Audio Function properly set in the software utility, and have your speakers correctly connected to the Back Panel.

Configuration in the Software Utility

1. Click the audio icon  from the window tray at the lower-right corner of the screen.
2. Select a desired surround sound effect from the “Environment” drop-down menu.
3. Click the **Speaker Configuration** tab.
4. Select **Synchronize the phone jack switch with the settings**.
5. Select a desired multi-channel operation from **No. of Speakers**.
 - a. Headphone
 - b. 2-Channel Mode for Stereo-Speaker Output
 - c. 4-Channel Mode for 4-Speaker Output
 - d. 6-Channel Mode for 5.1-Speaker Output
6. Click **OK** to close this window.



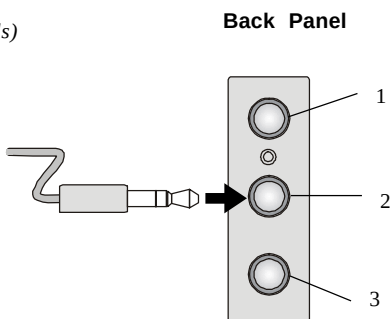
Connecting the Speakers

When you have set the Multi-Channel Audio Function mode properly in the software utility, connect your speakers to the correct phone jacks in accordance with the setting in software utility.

■ 2-Channel Mode for Stereo-Speaker Output

Refer to the following diagram and caption for the function of each phone jack on the back panel when 2-Channel Mode is selected.

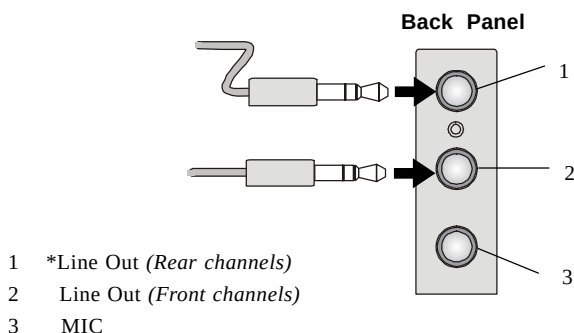
- 1 Line In
- 2 Line Out (*Front channels*)
- 3 MIC



■ 4-Channel Mode for 4-Speaker Output

The audio jacks on the back panel always provide 2-channel analog audio output function, however these audio jacks can be transformed to 4- or 6- channel analog audio jacks by selecting the corresponding multi-channel operation from **No. of Speakers**.

Refer to the following diagram and caption for the function of each jack on the back panel when 4-Channel Mode is selected.



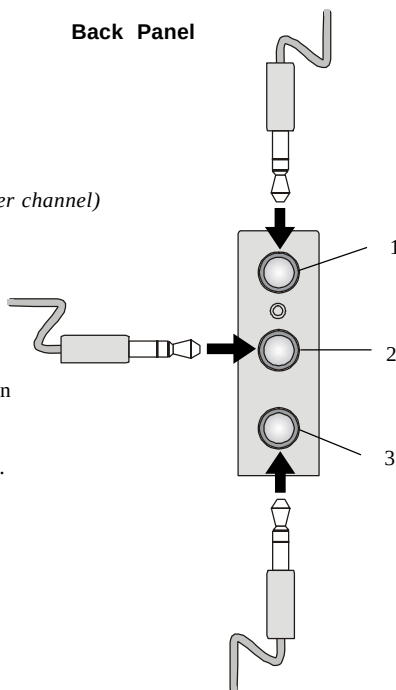
* Line In function is converted to Line Out function when 4-Channel Mode for 4-Speaker Output is selected.

■ 6-Channel Mode for 6-Speaker Output

Refer to the following diagram and caption for the function of each jack on the back panel when 6-Channel Mode is selected.

- 1 * Line Out (*Rear channels*)
- 2 Line Out (*Front channels*)
- 3 * Line Out (*Center and Subwoofer channel*)

* Both Line In and MIC function are converted to Line Out function when 6-Channel Mode for 6-Speaker Output is selected.



MSI Reminds You...

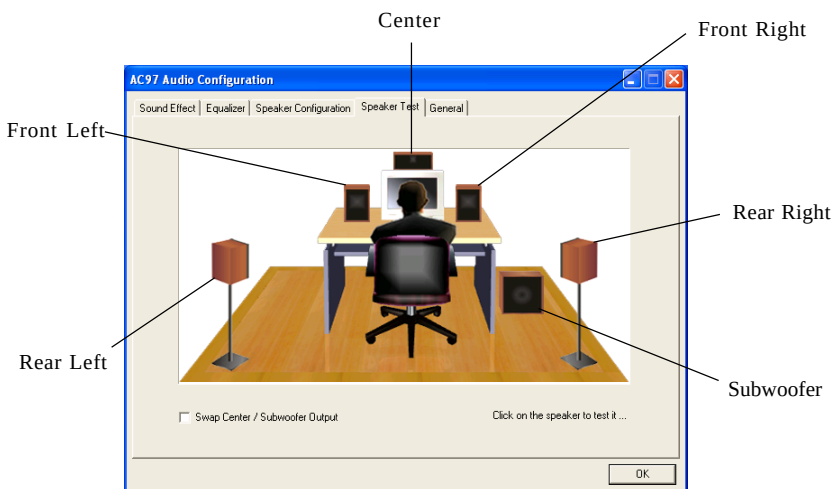
If the Center and Subwoofer speaker exchange their audio channels when you play video or music on the computer, a converter may be required to exchange center and subwoofer audio signals. You can purchase the converter from a speaker store.

Testing the Connected Speakers

To ensure that 4- or 6-channel audio operation works properly, you may need to test each connected speaker to make sure every speaker work properly. If any speaker fails to make sound, then check whether the cable is inserted firmly to the connector or replace the bad speakers with good ones.

Testing Each Speaker

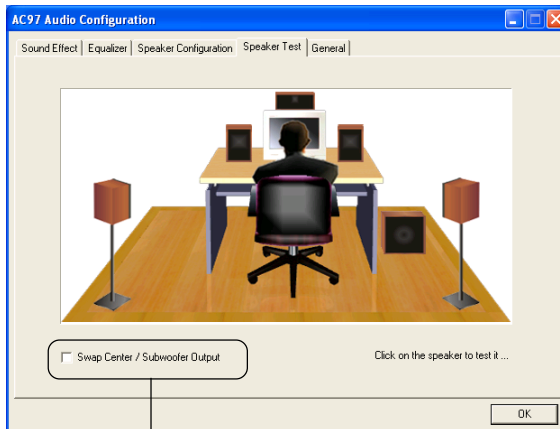
1. Click the audio icon  from the window tray at the lower-right corner of the screen.
2. Click the **Speaker Test** tab.
3. The following window appears. Select the speaker which you want to test by clicking it.



MSI Reminds You...

6 speakers appear on the “Speaker Test” window only when you select “6-Channel Mode” in the “No. of Speakers” column. If you select “4-Channel Mode”, only 4 speakers appear on the window.

4. While you are testing the speakers in 6-Channel Mode, if the sound coming from the center speaker and subwoofer is swapped, you should select **Swap Center/Subwoofer Output** to readjust these two channels.



Select this function

Playing KaraOK

The KaraOK function will automatically remove human voice (lyrics) and leave melody for you to sing the song. Note that this function applies only for 2-channel audio operation.

Playing KaraOK

1. Click the audio icon  from the window tray at the lower-right corner of the screen.
2. In the Sound Effect tab, select **Voice Cancellation** under “KaraOK.”
3. Click **OK** to close this window.

